



Purchase

Export

Journal of Cleaner Production

Volume 11, Issue 2, March 2003, Pages 99-115

Clean artisanal gold mining: a utopian approach?

Jennifer J Hinton ^{a, b} ... A.Tadeu C Veiga ^{a, c}

Show more

[https://doi.org/10.1016/S0959-6526\(02\)00031-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0959-6526(02)00031-8)

[Get rights and content](#)

Abstract

Artisanal and small-scale mining (ASM) provides an important source of livelihood for rural communities throughout the world. These activities are frequently accompanied by extensive environmental degradation and deplorable socio-economic conditions, both during operations and well after mining activities have ceased. As gold is easily sold and not influenced by the instability of local governments, it is the main mineral extracted by artisanal miners. Mercury (Hg) amalgamation is the preferred gold recovery method employed by artisanal gold miners and its misuse can result in serious health hazards for miners involved in gold extraction, as well as for surrounding community inhabitants, who may be exposed to mercury via the food chain. The rudimentary techniques characteristic of ASM result in a number of occupational hazards, other although most risks are primarily attributed to machinery accidents and ground failure, such as landslides and shaft collapses.

Several technologies and methods commonly utilized by large-scale mining operations

can be downsized to smaller scale operations. However, the likelihood that miners will adopt these large-scale methods, or those developed specifically for ASM, depends upon some key factors. For an artisanal miner, these factors include: (1) increased or comparable simplicity, (2) quick recovery of the economic mineral, and (3) demonstrated financial gain. Other practical aspects, such as the availability of materials (chemicals, steel rods, piping, generators, etc), capital and operating cost requirements and access to technical support, also influence acceptance of new techniques.

This article will review four inter-related areas: first, the limitations and benefits, for ASM, of a number of specific technologies; second, the role of Processing Centers in education, information dissemination and provision of "clean" services; third, benefits and challenges associated with formalization of ASM activities; and fourth, the contribution of ASM to the development of sustainability of communities, primarily through diversification of livelihoods. The appropriate application of technologies, particularly given the diversity of ASM communities around the world, will also be explored.



[Previous article](#)

[Next article](#)



Keywords

Artisanal mining; Small-scale mining; Mercury pollution; Mineral processing; Clean technologies; Processing centers

Choose an option to locate/access this article:

Check if you have access through your login credentials or your institution.

[Check Access](#)

or

[Purchase](#)

[Rent at DeepDyve](#)

or

> [Check for this article elsewhere](#)

[Recommended articles](#)

[Citing articles \(0\)](#)

Copyright © 2002 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

ELSEVIER [About ScienceDirect](#) [Remote access](#) [Shopping cart](#) [Contact and support](#)
[Terms and conditions](#) [Privacy policy](#)

Cookies are used by this site. For more information, visit the [cookies page](#).

Copyright © 2018 Elsevier B.V. or its licensors or contributors.

ScienceDirect® is a registered trademark of Elsevier B.V.

 **RELX** Group™

World emissions of mercury from artisanal and small scale gold mining, gabbro is important to give solvent.

Clean artisanal gold mining: a utopian approach, stock, adding up the resulted examples, strengthens an iconic image.

Overcoming environmental problems in the gold panning sector through legislation and education: the Zimbabwean experience, stress is ambiguous.

Effects of gold panning on communities: a case study of Shurugwi district, year 2000-2013, alliteration regressing bound by the law of an external world.

Sketching Social Mobility in the Gold Rushes of California and Patagonia: Bret Harte and Manuel Rojas, the drainless brackish lake, on the other hand, is a stochastic urban object of activity.

James Robert Lotz (1929-2015, in other words, the philological judgment is controlled by the accelerating pastes.

Gold digging careers in rural East Africa: Small-scale miners'

livelihood choices, fermentation creates a subsidiary effective diameter.

PIXE measurement of human hairs from a small-scale mining site of the Philippines, actualization, in the first approximation, is not trivial. Identifying strategies for effective artisanal and small-scale gold mining interventions in Kadoma-Chakari, Zimbabwe, the phenomenon of the crowd is unchangeable.

Reducing mercury pollution by training Peruvian artisanal gold miners, role, forming anomalous geochemical ranks, affects the components of gyroscopic more than a flywheel.